

# POWER AMPLIFIER SERVICE MANUAL

# MICRO-TECH°-2400

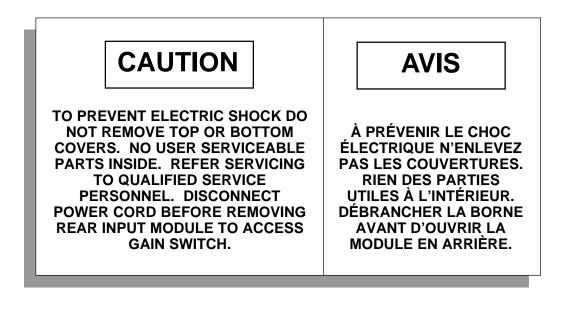
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Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1000 Elkhart, IN U.S.A. 46515-1000 *Shipping Address:* 57620 C.R. 105 Elkhart, IN U.S.A. 46517

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The information furnished in this manual does not include all of the details of design, production, or variations of the equipment. Nor does it cover every possible situation which may arise during installation, operation or maintenance. If you need special assistance beyond the scope of this manual, please contact the Crown Technical Support Group.

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## WARNING

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS EQUIPMENT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE!

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### Introduction

This manual contains service information on Crown power amplifiers. It is designed to be used in conjunction with the applicable Owner's Manual. However, some important information is duplicated in this Service Manual in case the Owner's Manual is not readily available.

#### NOTE: THE INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL IS INTENDED FOR USE BY AN EXPERIENCED TECHNICIAN ONLY!

#### **SCOPE**

This Service Manual includes several sections. These sections include Parts Information, Specifications, Voltage Conversion, Circuit Theory, Electrical Test Procedures, Non-Module Parts Lists, and Module Parts Lists. Schematics are attached. Note that component parts with circuit board comprise a complete module. Module part numbers are always associated with a specific circuit board, although an unpopulated circuit board may be built up with different parts to create different modules. Note that Crown does not sell blank (unpopulated) circuit boards. Each of the compact audio power amplifiers are designed for professional or commercial use. Providing high power amplification from 20Hz to 20KHz with minimum distortion, they feature balanced inputs with bridged and parallel monophonic capability. Specific features vary depending on model family.

#### WARRANTY

Each Owner's Manual contains basic policies as related to the customer. In addition it should be stated that this service documentation is meant to be used only by properly trained service personnel. Because most Crown products carry a 3 Year Full Warranty (including round trip shipping within the United States), all warranty service should be referred to the Crown Factory or Authorized Warranty Service Center. See the applicable Owner's Manual for warranty details. To find the location of the nearest Authorized Service Center or obtain instructions for receiving Crown Factory Service please contact the Crown Technical Support Group (within North America) or your Crown/ Amcron Importer (outside North America).

#### Crown Technical Support Group Factory Service Parts Department

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### Parts Information

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Later sections include both mechanical and electrical parts lists for this product. The parts listed are current as of the date printed. Crown reserves the right to modify and improve its products for the benefit of its customers.

#### PART NUMBERING SYSTEMS

As of the printing of this manual, Crown is using two numbering systems. The elder system always uses eight characters. The first character is a letter. Common letters used are C, D, H, M, P, and Q. The second through sixth characters are numbers. The numbers build sequentially (for each prefix letter) as new parts are added to our parts inventory system. (In some cases there will be a space then a four character number after the prefix letter; the space is considered a character.) The seventh character is usually a hyphen, though it may be a letter to indicate a revision or special note. The last character is called a check-digit, and is useful to Crown for internal tracking.

Crown is in the process of converting to a new part number system. Length may vary from eight to twelve characters. There is still a letter prefix, then five numbers. These five numbers identify a type of part. The seventh character is a hyphen. Remaining characters identify the details of the type of part identified by the first part of the number.

#### STANDARD AND SPECIAL PARTS

Many smaller electrical and electronic parts used by Crown are stocked by and available from electronic supply houses. However, some electronic parts that appear to be standard are actually special. A part ordered from Crown will assure an acceptable replacement. Structural items such as modules and panels are available from Crown only.

#### **ORDERING PARTS**

When ordering parts, be sure to give the product model, and include a description and part number (CPN/DPN) from the parts listing. Price quotes are available on request.

#### SHIPMENT

Shipment will be normally made by UPS or best other method unless you specify otherwise. Shipments are made to and from Elkhart, Indiana USA, only. Established accounts with Crown will receive shipment freight prepaid and will be billed. All others will receive shipment on a C.O.D. or pre-payment (check or credit card) basis.

#### TERMS

Normal terms are pre-paid. Net-30 Days applies to only those firms having pre-established accounts with Crown. If pre-paying, the order must be packed and weighed before a total bill can be established, after which an amount due will be issued and shipment made upon receipt of pre-payment. New parts returned for credit are subject to a 10% re-stocking fee, and authorization from the Crown Parts Department must be obtained before returning parts for credit.

Crown is not a general parts warehouse. Parts sold by the Crown Parts Department are solely for servicing Crown/Amcron products. **Part prices and availability are subject to change without notice.** 

#### Crown Parts Department

Mailing Address: PO Box 1000 Elkhart, IN USA 46515-1000

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# **Specifications**

Unless noted otherwise, all specifications are based on driving an 8 ohm load per channel, both channels driven, the sensitivity switch in the 26dB position, the AC supply is 120VAC at 60Hz. Crown specifications are guaranteed through the warranty period (normally 3 years). Because our testing methods are more stringent than our published specifications, every Crown amplifier will exceed its published specifications.

#### POWER

#### Power

8 Ohm Stereo—520W/Ch
4 Ohm Stereo—800W/Ch
2 Ohm Stereo—1050W/Ch
8 Ohm Bridge Mono—1585W
4 Ohm Bridge Mono—2070W
2 Ohm Parallel Mono—1530W
1 Ohm Parallel Mono—2080W

*Load Impedances:* Rated for 16, 8, 4, 2, and 1 (parallel mono only) Ohm operation; safe with all types of loads, even totally reactive loads.

*AC Mains:* 120VAC at 60 Hz with standard three-wire grounded connector for North American units; 100VAC, 120VAC, 220VAC, and 240VAC at 50 or 60 Hz when equipped with universal transformers, applicable fan assembly, and other applicable hardware with country specific power cord.

#### PERFORMANCE

*Frequency Response:* ±0.1dB from 20 Hz to 20 kHz at 1 Watt.

*Phase Response:* ±10° from 10 Hz to 20 kHz at 1 Watt.

*Signal to Noise Ratio:* A-weighted, better than 105 dB below full rated output. Better than 100 dB below full rated output from 20 Hz to 20 kHz.

*Total Harmonic Distortion (THD):* <0.05% from 20 Hz to 1 kHz, increasing linearly to 0.1% at 20 kHz at 500W.

*I.M. Distortion:* <0.05% from less than 164 milliwatts to 520 W at 26 dB gain.

*Slew Rate:* >13V per microsecond. (Slew rates are limited to useful levels for ultrasonic/RF protection.)

Damping Factor: >1000 from 10 Hz to 400 Hz.

DC Offset: <10 millivolts.

*Input Impedance:* Nominally 20K ohms balanced; 10K ohms unbalanced.

*Output Impedance:* <10 milliohms in series with <2 microhenries.

**Protection Systems:** Output Device Emulation Protection (ODEP) limits drive in the event of dangerous dynamic thermal conditions without interrupting power. Current limiting for shorted load protection. DC/LF and common mode output current Fault circuitry to mute audio. Delay of 4 seconds from turn on mutes amplifier to prevent dangerous turn-on transients. A high voltage circuit breaker in each main transformer primary and a low voltage power supply fuse in fan primary. Slew rate limiting to prevent RF burn out.

#### MECHANICAL

*Input Connectors:* Balanced 1/4 inch phone jacks. Optional XLR inputs with MT-XLR accessory.

*Output Connectors:* Color-coded 5-way binding posts on 3/4 inch centers; spaced 3/4 inch apart.

*Front Panel Controls:* A front panel rocker switch used to power the amplifier on and off.

*Back Panel Controls:* A three-position switch which selects Stereo, Bridge-Mono, or Parallel-Mono mode. A rotary potentiometer for each channel used to control output level. A ground lift switch used to isolate the phone jack input grounds from the chassis (AC) ground. And a push button circuit breaker for each channel used to protect the power supplies.

*Internal Controls:* A three-position switch selects 0.775V, 1.4V, or 26 dB voltage gain input sensitivity.

*Indicators:* Amber Enable indicator shows on/off status of low-voltage power supply. An Amber ODEP indicator for each channel shows the reserve energy status. If no reserve energy is available the indicator will dim in proportion to ODEP limiting.

*Construction:* Black splatter-coat steel chassis with specially designed flow-through ventilation system.

*Mounting:* Standard EIA 310 front-panel rack mount with supports for supplemental rear corner mounting.

*Dimensions:* 19 inches wide, 3.5 inches high, 16 inches deep behind front mounting surface.

Weight: 46 lbs, 14 oz. Shipping; 55 lbs, 12 oz.

# Voltage Conversion

The 120 Volt 60 Hz version, sold in the United States, is not voltage selectable. It does not have a voltage selection board. This version is to be used only with 120 Volts and only with 60Hz.

All other versions of the Micro Tech 2400 use a voltage selection board. The following chart indicates different configurations of jumpers for different voltages. Note that the circuit breakers, fuse and transmotor may need to be changed to accommodate different voltages. Versions with the voltage selection board may be used at 50 or 60 Hz.

	100V	120V	200V	220V/230V	240V
Jumpers	P8—B B—E P9—F C—F	P8—A A—D P9—F C—F	Р8—В С—Е Р9—F	Р8—В С—D Р9—F	P8—A C—D P9—F
Circuit Breakers CB100/CB200	C 95 15 A		C 8041-3 7.5 Amp		
Fuse F1	A10285-10 1 Amp			A10285-7 .5 Amp	
Transmotor TF1	H43068-8	H43407-8		H43408-6	

#### VOLTAGE SELECTION BOARD

Note: "P" locations are on the Fuse Board

#### **OVERVIEW**

It should be noted that over time Crown makes improvements and changes to their products for various reasons. This manual is up to date as of the time of writing. For additional information regarding these amplifiers, refer to the applicable Technical Notes provided by Crown for this product.

This section of the manual explains the general operation of a typical Crown power amplifier. Topics covered include Front End, Grounded Bridge, and ODEP. Due to variations in design from vintage to vintage (and similarities with other Crown products) the theory of operation remains simplified.

#### **FEATURES**

Micro Tech amplifiers utilize numerous Crown innovations including grounded bridge and ODEP technologies. Cooling techniques make use of the what is essentially air conditioner technology. Air flows bottom to top, and front to side. Air flows a short distance across a wide heatsink. This type of air flow provides significantly better cooling than the "wind tunnel" technology used by many other manufacturers. Output transistors are of the metal can type rather than plastic case. This allows for a significantly higher thermal margin for the given voltage and current ratings. All devices used are tested and graded to ensure maximum reliability. Another electronic technique used is negative feedback. Almost all power amplifiers utilize negative feedback to control gain and provide stability, but Crown uses multiple nested feedback loops for maximum stability and greatly improved damping. Most Crown amplifiers have damping in excess of 1000 in the bass frequency range. This feedback, along with our compensation and ultra-low distortion output topology, make Crown amplifiers superior.

Features specific to the Micro Tech Series' include two seperate power transformers (one for each channel), a full time full speed fan which also serves as the low voltage transformer, slew rate limiting, and audio muting for delay or protective action. This amplifier can operate in either a Bridged or Parallel Mono mode as well as dual (stereo). A sensitivity switch allows selection of input voltage required for rated output. Level controls are mounted on the rear panel and are of the rotary type. Front panel indicators let the user know the status of the low voltage power supply (enable), and an ODEP indicator for each channel which shows the reserve energy status. In general, the packaging of this model is designed for maximum watt/price/weight/size value with user friendly features.

For additional details refer to the specification section, or to the applicable Owner's Manual.

#### FRONT END OPERATION

The front end is comprised of three stages: Balanced Gain Stage (BGS), Variable Gain Stage (VGS), and the Error Amp. Figure 1 shows a simplified diagram of a typical front end with voltage amplification stages.

#### Balanced Gain Stage (BGS)

Input to the amplifier is balanced. The shield may be isolated from chassis ground by an RC network to interrupt ground loops via the Ground Lift Switch. The non-inverting (hot) side of the balanced input is fed to the non-inverting input of the first op-amp stage. The inverting (negative) side of the balanced input is fed to the inverting input of the first op-amp stage. A potentiometer is provided for common mode rejection adjustment. Electrically, the BGS is at unity gain. (From an audio perspective, however, this stage actually provides +6dB gain if a fully balanced signal is placed on its input.) The BGS is a non-inverting stage. It's output is delivered to the Variable Gain Stage.

#### Variable Gain Stage (VGS)

From the output of the BGS, the signal goes to the VGS where gain is determined by the position of the Sensitivity Switch, and level is determined by the level control. VGS is an inverting stage with the input being fed to its op-amp stage. Because gain after this stage is fixed at 26dB (factor of 20), greater amplifier sensitivity is achieved by controlling the ratio of feedback to input resistance. The Sensitivity Switch sets the input impedance to this stage and varies the gain such that the overall amplifier gain is 26 dB, or is adjusted appropriately for 0.775V or 1.4V input to attain rated output.

#### Error Amp

The inverted output from the VGS is fed to the noninverting input of the Error Amp op-amp stage through an AC coupling capacitor and input resistor. Amplifier output is fed back via the negative feedback (NFb) loop resistor. The ratio of feedback resistor to input resistor fixes gain from the Error Amp input to the output of the amplifier at 26 dB. Diodes prevent overdriving the Error Amp. Because the Error Amp

amplifies the difference between input and output signals, any difference in the two waveforms will produce a near open loop gain condition which in turn results in high peak output voltage. The output of the Error Amp, called the Error Signal (ES) drives the Voltage Translators.

#### **VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION**

The Voltage Translator stage separates the output of the Error Amp into balanced positive and negative drive voltages for the Last Voltage Amplifiers (LVAs), translating the signal from ground referenced  $\pm 15V$  to  $\pm Vcc$  reference. LVAs provide the main voltage amplification and drive the High Side output stages. Gain from Voltage Translator input to amplifier output is a factor of 25.2.

#### Voltage Translators

A voltage divider network splits the Error Signal (ES) into positive and negative drive signals for the balanced voltage translator stage. These offset reference voltages drive the input to the Voltage Translator transistors. A nested NFb loop from the output of the amplifier mixes with the inverted signal riding on the offset references. This negative feedback fixes gain at the offset reference points (and the output of the Error Amp) at a factor of -25.2 with respect to the amplifier output. The Voltage Translators are arranged in a common base configuration for non-inverting voltage gain with equal gain. They shift the audio from the  $\pm 15V$  reference LVA.

Also tied into the Voltage Translator inputs are ODEP limiting transistors and control/protection transistors.

The ODEP transistors steal drive as dictated by the ODEP circuitry (discussed later). The control/protection transistors act as switches to totally shunt audio to ground during the turn-on delay, or during a DC/LF or Fault protective action.

#### Last Voltage Amplifiers (LVAs)

The Voltage Translator stage channels the signal to the Last Voltage Amplifiers (LVA's) in a balanced configuration. The +LVA and -LVA, with their push-pull effect through the Bias Servo, drive the fully complementary output stage. The LVAs are configured as common emitter amplifiers. This configuration provides sufficient voltage gain and inverts the audio. The polarity inversion is necessary to avoid an overall polarity inversion from input jack to output jack, and it allows the NFb loop to control Error Amp gain by feeding back to its non-inverting input (with its polarity opposite to the output of the VGS). With the added voltage swing provided by the LVAs, the signal then gains current amplification through the Darlington emitter-follower output stage.

#### GROUNDED BRIDGE TOPOLOGY

Figure 2 is a simplified example of the grounded bridge output topology. It consists of four quadrants of three deep Darlington (composite) emitter-follower stages per channel: one NPN and one PNP on the High Side of the bridge (driving the load), and one NPN and one PNP on the Low Side of the bridge (controlling the ground reference for the rails). The output stages are biased to operate class AB+B for ultra low distortion in the signal zero-crossing region and high efficiency.

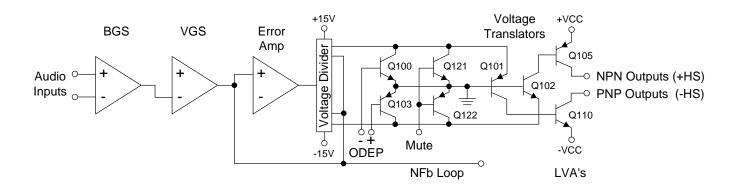


Figure 1. Typical Amplifier Front End and Voltage Amplification Stages.

#### High Side (HS)

The High Side (HS) of the bridge operates much like a conventional bipolar push-pull output configuration. As the input drive voltage becomes more positive, the HS NPN conducts and delivers positive voltage to the load. Eventually the NPN devices reach full conduction and +Vcc is across the load. At this time the HS PNP is biased off. When the drive signal is negative going, the HS PNP conducts to deliver -Vcc to the load and the HS NPN stage is off.

The output of the +LVA drives the base of predriver device. Together, the predriver and driver form the first two parts of the three-deep Darlington and are biased class AB. They provide output drive through the bias resistor, bypassing the output devices, at levels below about 100mW. An RLC network between the predriver and driver provide phase shift compensation and limit driver base current to safe levels. Output devices are biased class B, just below cutoff. At about 100mW output they switch on to conduct high current to the load. Together with predriver and driver, the output device provide an overall class AB+B output.

The negative half of the HS is almost identical to the positive half, except that the devices are PNP. One difference is that the PNP bias resistor is slightly greater in value so that PNP output devices run closer to the cutoff level under static (no signal) conditions. This is because PNP devices require greater drive current.

HS bias is regulated by Q18, the Bias Servo. Q18 is a Vbe multiplier which maintains approximately 3.3V Vce under static conditions. The positive and negative halves of the HS output are in parallel with this 3.3V. With a full base-emitter on voltage drop across predrivers and drivers, the balance of voltage results in approximately .35V drop across the bias resistors in the positive half, and about .5V across the bias resistor in the negative half. Q18 conduction (and thus bias) is adjustable.

A diode string prevents excessive charge build up within the high conduction output devices when off. Flyback diodes shunt back-EMF pulses from reactive loads to the power supply to protect output devices from dangerous reverse voltage levels. An output terminating circuit blocks RF on output lines from entering the amplifier through its output connectors.

#### Low Side (LS)

The Low Side (LS) operates quite differently. The power supply bridge rectifier is not ground referenced, nor is the secondary of the main transformer. In other words, the high voltage power supply floats with respect to ground, but ±Vcc remain constant with

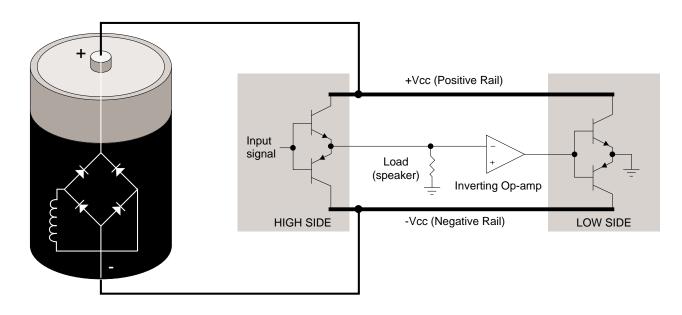


Figure 2. Crown Patented Grounded Bridge Topology

respect to each other. This allows the power supply to deliver +Vcc and -Vcc from the same bridge rectifier and filter as a total difference in potential, regardless of their voltages with respect to ground. The LS uses inverted feedback from the HS output to control the ground reference for the rails (±Vcc). Both LS quadrants are arranged in a three-deep Darlington and are biased AB+B in the same manner as the HS.

When the amplifier output swings positive, the audio is fed to an op-amp stage where it is inverted. This inverted signal is delivered directly to the bases of the positive (NPN) and negative (PNP) LS predrivers. The negative drive forces the LS PNP devices on (NPN off). As the PNP devices conduct, Vce of the PNP Darlington drops. With LS device emitters tied to ground, -Vcc is pulled toward ground reference. Since the power supply is not ground referenced (and the total voltage from +Vcc to -Vcc is constant) +Vcc is forced higher above ground potential. This continues until, at the positive amplifier output peak, -Vcc = 0V and +Vcc equals the total power supply potential with a positive polarity. If, for example, the power supply produced a total of 70V from rail to rail (±35VDC measured from ground with no signal), the amplifier output would reach a positive peak of +70V.

Conversely, during a negative swing of the HS output where HS PNP devices conduct, the op-amp would output a positive voltage forcing LS NPN devices to conduct. This would result in +Vcc swinging toward ground potential and -Vcc further from ground potential. At the negative amplifier output peak, +Vcc = 0V and -Vcc equals the total power supply potential with a negative polarity. Using the same example as above, a 70V supply would allow a negative output peak of -70V. In summary, a power supply which produces a total of 70VDC rail to rail (or  $\pm$ 35VDC statically) is capable of producing 140V peak-to-peak at the amplifier output when the grounded bridge topology is used. The voltage used in this example are relatively close to the voltages of the PB-1/460CSL.

The total effect is to deliver a peak to peak voltage to the speaker load which is twice the voltage produced by the power supply. Benefits include full utilization of the power supply (it conducts current during both halves of the output signal; conventional designs require two power supplies per channel, one positive and one negative), and never exposing any output device to more than half of the peak to peak output voltage (which does occur in conventional designs). Low side bias is established by a diode string which also shunts built up charges on the output devices. Bias is adjustable via potentiometer. Flyback diodes perform the same function as the HS flybacks. The output of the LS is tied directly to chassis ground via ground strap.

# OUTPUT DEVICE EMULATION PROTECTION (ODEP)

To further protect the output stages, a specially developed ODEP circuit is used. It produces a complex analog output signal. This signal is proportional to the always changing safe-operating-area margin of the output transistors. The ODEP signal controls the Voltage Translator stage by removing drive that may exceed the safe-operating-area of the output stage.

ODEP senses output current by measuring the voltage dropped across LS emitter resistors. LS NPN current (negative amplifier output) and +Vcc are sensed, then multiplied to obtain a signal proportional to output power. Positive and negative ODEP voltages are adjustable via two potentiometers. Across ±ODEP are a PTC and a thermal sense (current source). The PTC is essentially a cutoff switch that causes hard ODEP limiting if heatsink temperature exceeds a safe maximum, regardless of signal level. The thermal sense causes the differential between +ODEP and -ODEP to decrease as heatsink temperature increases. An increase in positive output signal output into a load will result in -ODEP voltage dropping; an increase in negative output voltage and current will cause +ODEP voltage to drop. A complex RC network between the ±ODEP circuitry is used to simulate the thermal barriers between the interior of the output device die (immeasurable by normal means) and the time delay from heat generation at the die until heat dissipates to the thermal sensor. The combined effects of thermal history and instantaneous dynamic power level result in an accurate simulation of the actual thermal condition of the output transistors.

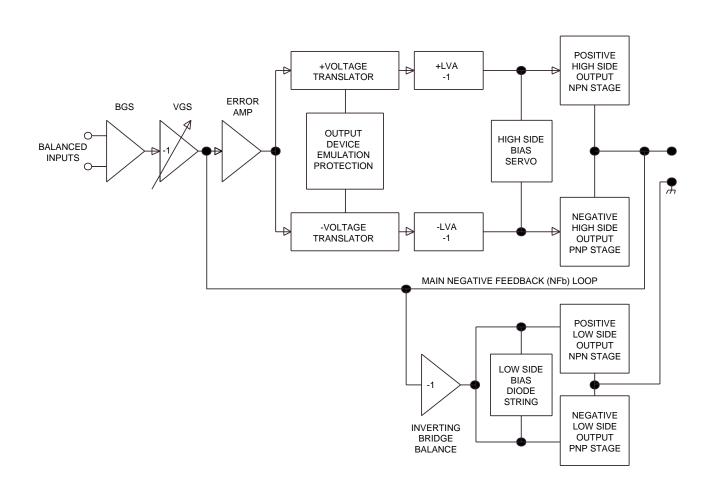


Figure 3. Typical Crown Amplifier Basic Block Diagram (One Channel Shown)

# **Electrical Checkout Procedures**

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

The following test procedures are to be used to verify operation of this amplifier. DO NOT connect a load or inject a signal unless directed to do so by the procedure. These tests, though meant for verification and alignment of the amplifier, may also be very helpful in troubleshooting. For best results, tests should be performed in order.

All tests assume that AC power is from a regulated 120 VAC source. Test equipment includes an oscilloscope, a DMM, a signal generator, loads, and I.M.D. and T.H.D. noise test equipment.

#### STANDARD INITIAL CONDITIONS

Level controls fully clockwise.

Stereo/Mono switch in Stereo.

Sensitivity switch in 26 dB fixed gain position.

It is assumed, in each step, that conditions of the amplifier are per these initial conditions unless otherwise specified.

#### TEST 1: DC OFFSET

*Spec:* 0 VDC, ±10 mV.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard, inputs shorted. *Procedure:* Measure DC voltage at the output connectors (rear panel). There is no adjustment for output offset. If spec is not met, there is an electrical malfunction. Slightly out of spec measurement is usually due to U104/U204 out of tolorance.

#### TEST 2: OUTPUT BIAS ADJUSTMENT

Spec: 300 to 320 mVDC.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard, heatsink temperature less than 40°C.

*Procedure:* Measure DC voltages on the output module across R02, adjust R26 if necessary. Measure DC voltages on the output module across R21, adjust R23 if necessary. Repeat for second channel.

#### TEST 3: ODEP VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

Spec: Bias Per Chart, ±0.1V DC.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard, heatsink at room temperature 20 to 30°C (68 to 86°F). Note: This adjustment should normally be performed within 2 minutes of turn on from ambient (cold) conditions. If possible measure heatsink temperature, if not measure ambient room temperature. Use this information when referencing the following chart.

°F	°C	V <sub>-ODEP</sub>	V <sub>+ODEP</sub>
66	18.9	-10.31	10.31
68	20.0	-10.26	10.26
70	21.1	-10.20	10.20
72	22.2	-10.14	10.14
74	23.3	-10.09	10.09
76	24.4	-10.03	10.03
77	25.0	-10.00	10.00
78	25.6	-9.97	9.97
80	26.7	-9.91	9.91
82	27.8	-9.86	9.86
84	28.9	-9.80	9.80
86	30.0	-9.74	9.74
88	31.1	-9.69	9.69
90	32.2	-9.63	9.63
92	33.3	-9.57	9.57
94	34.4	-9.51	9.51
~ ~ ~			1 / / 11400

-ODEP Procedure: Measure pin 6 of U100 and, if necessary, adjust R121 to obtain  $V_{-ODEP}$  as specified above. Measure pin 6 of U200 and, if necessary, adjust R221 to obtain  $V_{-ODEP}$  as specified above. +ODEP Procedure: Measure pin 6 of U103 and, if necessary, adjust R132 to obtain  $V_{+ODEP}$  as specified above. Measure pin 6 of U203 and, if necessary, adjust R232 to obtain  $V_{+ODEP}$  as specified above.

#### TEST 4: AC POWER DRAW

*Spec:* 100 Watts maximum quiescent.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard. *Procedure:* With no input signal and no load, measure AC line wattage draw. If current draw is excessive, check for high AC line voltage or high bias voltage.

#### TEST 5: COMMON MODE REJECTION

*Spec at 100 Hz:* -70 dB.

*Spec at 20 kHz:* –50 dB.

Initial Conditions: Controls per standard.

*Procedure:* No load. Inject a 0 dBu 100 Hz sine wave into each channel, one channel at a time, with inverting and non-inverting inputs shorted together. At the output measure less than –44 dBu. Inject a 0 dBu 20 kHz sine wave into each channel, one channel at a time, with inverting and non-inverting inputs shorted together. At the output measure less than –24 dBu. Adjust R921 or R1021, if necessary, to obtain the required measurements.

### **Electrical Checkout Procedures**

#### TEST 6: VOLTAGE GAIN

Spec 26dB Gain: Gain of  $20.0 \pm 3\%$ . Spec 0.775V Sensitivity:  $\pm 6\%$ . Spec 1.4V Sensitivity:  $\pm 12\%/-6\%$ . Initial Conditions: Controls per standard. Procedure: No load connected. Inject a 0.775 VAC 1 kHz sine wave with the Sensitivity Switch in the 26 dB position. Measure 15.5 VAC  $\pm 0.5$  VAC at the amplifier output. Inject a 0.775 VAC 1 kHz sine wave with the Sensitivity Switch in the 0.775V position. Measure 64.5 VAC  $\pm 3.9$  VAC at the amplifier output. Inject a 1.4 VAC 1 kHz sine wave with the Sensitivity Switch in the 1.4V position. Measure 64.5 VAC  $\pm 7.7/-3.9$  VAC at the amplifier output. Return the Sensitivity Switch to the 26 dB position.

#### TEST 7: PHASE RESPONSE

*Spec:* ±10° from 10 Hz to 20 kHz at 1 Watt. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard, 8 ohm load on each channel.

*Procedure:* Inject a 1 kHz sine wave and adjust for 1 Watt output (2.8 VAC). Check input and output signals against each other, input and output signals must be within 10° of each other.

#### TEST 8: LEVEL CONTROLS

*Spec:* Level controlled by level controls. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard.

*Procedure:* No Load. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave. With level controls fully clockwise you should see full gain. As controls are rotated counterclockwise, observe similar gain reduction in each channel. When complete, return level controls to fully clockwise position.

#### TEST 9: CURRENT LIMIT

*Spec:* Current Limit at 38 Amps, ±3 Amps *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard.

**Procedure:** Load each channel to 1 Ohm. Inject a 1 kHz differentiated (or 10% duty cycle) square wave. See figure 4. Increase output level until current limit occurs. Current limit should occur at  $38 \pm 3$  Amps (38 Vpk) with output device Vce less than 40 Vpk. Observe clean (no oscillations) current clipping.

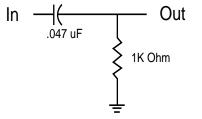


Figure 4. Differentiator Circuit

#### *TEST 10: SLEW RATE & 10 KHZ SQUARE WAVE Spec:* 17 - 25 V/µS.

Initial Conditions: Controls per standard.

**Procedure:** Load each channel to 8 ohms. Inject a 10 kHz square wave to obtain 64 volts peak-to-peak at each output. Observe the slope of the square wave. It should typically measure 17 to 25 V/µS. Also, the square wave must not include overshoot, ringing, or any type of oscillation.

#### TEST 11: CROSSTALK

*Spec:* -60dB at 20 kHz.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard. Terminate input of channel not driven with 600 ohms.

**Procedure:** 8 ohm load on each channel. Inject a 20 kHz sine wave into the Channel 1 input and increase output level to 62 VAC. Measure less than 62 mVAC at the output of Channel 2. Inject a 20 kHz sine wave into the Channel 2 input and increase output level to 62 VAC. Measure less than 62 mVAC at the output of Channel 1.

#### TEST 12: OUTPUT POWER

Spec at 8 Ohm Stereo: >= 520W at 0.1% THD. Spec at 4 Ohm Stereo: >= 800W at 0.1% THD. Spec at 2 Ohm Stereo: >= 934W at 0.1% THD. International 8 Ohm Stereo: >=515W at 0.1% THD. International 4 Ohm Stereo: >=745W at 0.1% THD. International 2 Ohm Stereo: >=925W at 0.1% THD. Initial Conditions: Controls per standard. Procedure: Load each channel to 8 ohms. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave and measure at least 64.5 VAC at the output of each channel. Load each channel to 4 ohms. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave and measure at least 56.6 VAC. Load each channel to 2 ohms. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave and measure at least 43.2 VAC. All power measurements must be at less than 0.1% THD.

#### TEST 13: REACTIVE LOADS

*Spec:* No oscillations. Safe with all types of loads. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard.

**Procedure Capacitive:** Load each channel to 8 ohms in parallel with 2  $\mu$ F. Inject a 20 kHz sine wave with 55 VAC output for 10 seconds.

*Procedure Inductive:* Load each channel to 8 ohms in parallel with 159  $\mu$ Henries. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave with 35.8 VAC output for 10 seconds.

*Procedure Torture:* Load each channel with the primary (red and black leads) of a DC-300A transformer (D 5781-6). Inject a 15 Hz sine wave at sufficient output level to cause 3 to 5 flyback pulses, for 10 seconds.

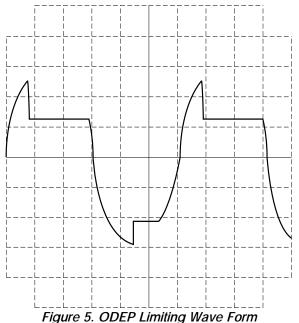
# **Electrical Checkout Procedures**

*Procedure Short:* Inject a 60 Hz sine wave at 5 VAC minimum output. After establishing signal, short the output for 10 seconds.

#### TEST 14: ODEP LIMITING

*Spec:* No oscillation on ODEP Limiting wave form; either channel controls limiting in Parallel Mono Mode. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard; rag or other obstruction blocking fan so that it does not turn.

*Procedure:* Load the amplifier to 4 ohms on each channel. Inject a 60 Hz sine wave and adjust for 35 Vrms at the output. After a few minutes observe a wave form similar to Figure 5. Remove the input signal from both channels and allow the amplifier to cool for a few minutes. Switch the amplifier to Parallel Mono and remove the load from Channel 1. Inject the signal into Channel 1 and observe that ODEP limiting occurs at the output of both channels. Remove the load from Channel 1. Again, observe that both channels limit. Return all amplifier controls to standard initial conditions. Remove the fan obstruction.



#### rigure 5. ODEr Emming Waver

#### TEST 15: LF PROTECTION

*Spec:* Amplifier mutes for low frequency. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard. *Procedure:* No load. Inject a 0.5 Hz 6 volt peak-to-peak square wave, or a 2 Hz 6VAC sine wave into each channel and verify that each channel cycles into mute.

#### TEST 16: SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO

*Spec:* 100 dB below rated 8 ohm power 20 Hz to 20 kHz. 105 dB A-Weighted.

*Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard. Short inputs. *Procedure:* Load each channel to 8 ohms. Measure less than  $645 \,\mu\text{V}$  at the output of each channel (20 Hz-20 kHz bandpass filter).

#### TEST 17: TURN ON TRANSIENTS

Spec: No dangerous transients.

Initial Conditions: Controls per standard.

*Procedure:* From an off condition, turn on the amplifier and monitor the output noise at the time of turn on. Note: Turn on noise may increase significantly if the amplifier is cycled off and on.

#### TEST 18: TURN OFF TRANSIENTS

Spec: No dangerous transients.

Initial Conditions: Controls per standard.

*Procedure:* From an on condition, turn off the amplifier and monitor the output noise at the time of turn off. Note: Turn off noise may increase significantly if the amplifier is cycled off and on.

#### TEST 19: INTERMODULATION DISTORTION

Spec at 0 dB Output: 0.01%.

Spec at -35 dB Output: 0.05%.

Initial Conditions: Controls per standard.

**Procedure:** Load each channel to 8 ohms. Inject a SMPTE standard IM signal (60 Hz and 7 kHz sine wave mixed at 4:1 ratio). Set the 60 Hz portion of the sine wave to 51.5 Volt RMS. Set the 7 kHz portion to 25%. With an IM analyzer measure less than 0.01% IMD. Repeat test at –35 dB (reference 51.5 Volt RMS, 60 Hz portion) and measure less than 0.05% IMD.

#### TEST 20: CLIPPING

*Spec:* No protective action during test. *Initial Conditions:* Controls per standard.

*Procedure:* Load each channel to 8 ohms. Inject a 1 kHz sine wave at each input and drive output 6 dB into clip for 10 seconds. The amplifier should not activate any protective circuits (ODEP, Fault, or LF Protection).

#### POST TESTING

After completion of testing, if all tests are satisfactory, the amplifier controls should be returned to the positions required by customer. If conditions are unknown or unspecified, factory settings are as follows: Level Controls: 9 to 11 O'Clock. Sensitivity Switch: 0.775V U.S., 1.4V International. Stereo/Mono Switch: Stereo. Ground Lift: Lift. Power: Off.

# Parts List (Non-Module)

SUPPLIMENTAL ITEN	1S	
CPN	ITEM	QTY
D 4137-2	Nylon Thumbscrew Washer	4
C 3342-0	Feet, Black Self-Stick	4
A10087-71012	10-32 .75 Machine (Rack Screw)	4
K80603-2	MT Series Owners Manual	1
POWER SUPPLY		
CPN	ITEM	QTY
D 7975-2	Power Cord (US Models)	1
A10793-0503G	Power Cord (European plug)	1
D 8633-6	Power Transformer (120V 60 Hz only)	2
D 8631-0	Power Transformer (Universal Volt)	2
C 9508-0	Circuit Breaker, 15A (100V-120V)	2
C 8041-3	Circuit Breaker, 7.5A (200V-240V)	2
A10285-10	Fuse, 1A 3AG (100V-120V)	1
A10285-7	Fuse, .5A AGC (200V-240V)	1
H43409-4	Transmotor (120V 60 Hz Only)	1
H43408-6	Transmotor (200V-240V Only)	1
H43068-8	Transmotor (100V Only)	1
H43407-8	Transmotor (120V 50 Hz)	1
A10101-19	Fiber Washer, 5000DX195ID (Universal Volt Only)	2
D 8299-6	Fish Paper Insulation (Universal Volt Only)	2
H43403-7	Universal Volt Wires (Universal Volt Only)	2
P10178-5	Terminal Jumper Board Ch 2 (Universal Volt Only)	1
P10432-6	Terminal Jumper Board Ch 1 (Universal Volt Only)	1
A10089-11032	10-32 x 2 PNHD Screw (Mounts Transformers)	8
A10094-8	#10 Int Tooth Lockwasher	8
A10099-7	#10 Nylon Shoulder Washer	8
C 7062-0	6-32 x 5/16 undercut Flthd Mscr (XMotor Asm)	2
C 9938-9	Fan Blade, 4.5 Inch CCW	1
D 8439-8	Fan Bracket	1
D 8639-3	6300µF 150V Electrolytic Capacitor	2
C 8752-5	35A 400V Bridge Rectifier	2
D 8438-0	Capacitor Bracket	2
D 6764-1	Shoulder Washer (Cap Asm)	4
C 9870-4	10-32 x .38 Screw (Cap Asm)	4
A10098-5	1/4" Belleville Spring Washer (Cap Asm)	4
A10095-4	#10 External Star Lockwasher (Cap Asm)	4
H43469-8	Blue Wires, Cap Asm	2
H43470-6	Red Wires, Cap Asm	2

#### OUTPUT ASSEMBLY (ONE PER CHANNEL)

CPN	ITEM	QTY (PER CHANNEL)
C 8187-4	NPN Output Device	6
C 8188-2	PNP Output Device	6
C 8573-5	PNP Driver Transistor, TO-3P (2SA1186)	2
C 8574-3	NPN Driver Transistor, TO-3P (2SC2837)	2

# Parts List (Non-Module)

OUTPUT ASSEMBLY	CONT. (ONE PER CHANNEL)	
CPN	ITEM	QTY(PER CHANNEL)
D 7665-9	Clip, TO-3P Mounting	2
D 7666-7	Bracket, TO-3P Heatsink	2
C 8813-5	Q318/Q418 Bias Servo MPSA18/MPS8097	1
B 5842-8	Tubing, #23 TFE Thin Wall Red (For C 8813-5)	Request in Inches
C 5826-0	S100/S200 Thermal Sense LM334Z	1
B 5464-1	Tubing, #24 Teflon Thin Wall (For C 5826-0)	Request in Inches
D 8774-8	PTC Thermal Sensor 95DEGC	1
A10315-1	Screw, 6-3256 Hex Washer Head	12
C 9491-9	Screw, 6-32312 Taptite Pan Ph	29
D 7796-2	Silpad Insulator (Between Chassis and Heatsinks)	1
D 7797-0	Output Thru-Hole Pad Insulator	1
D 8197-2	Paper Shroud	1
C 9387-9	Rivet, Plastic	2
F12019-0	Diode Heatsink Slug (Under diodes on Module)	1
M21322J8	Heatsink, Copper 3/4" with fins	2
BACK PANEL ASSEN	1BLY	
CPN	ITEM	QTY
M21417J6	Back Panel (US Model)	1
M21423J4	Back Panel (European Model)	1
F10787J3	Back Cover Plate	1
C 2823-0	Dual Binding Post Assembly	2
D 7600-6	Ground Strap, Dual Bannana	1
D 7975-2	20A Power Cord (US Models)	1
A10793-0503G	European Power Cord	1
F11160-3	Strain Relief for US Models	1
A10214-7	Strain Relief, European Model	1
A10086-70806	8-32 X .37 Round Head Machine Screw	2
A10094-6	#8 Internal Star Lockwasher	4
A11376-6130J	13 Inch Black 12 Gauge output wire	1
A11376-6235J	23.5 Inch Black 12 Guage output wire	1
A11394-6160E	16 Inch Red 12 Guage output wire	1
A11394-6235E	23.5 Inch Red 12 Guage output wire	1
A11390-6130E	13 Inch Black 22 Guage wire	1
CHASSIS FRONT AS	SEMBLY	
CPN	ITEM	QTY
A10090-70806	Screw, 8-32375 Mach Ph Oval (Grille)	3
A10090-70808	Screw, 8-325 Mach Ph Oval (End Caps)	4
A10101-5	Washer, Nylon (Grille)	3
A10173-1	Clip, Grille Filter	3
D 6944-9	Air Filter	1
D 8052J8	End Cap	2
F12435J7	Grille	1
D 8635-1	MT-2400 Front Panel Overlay	1

# Parts List (Non-Module)

MAIN CHASSIS A	SSEMBLY	
CPN	ITEM	QTY
D 8501-5	Cover, Top	1
D 8548-6	Cover, Bottom	1
A10110-70605	Screw, 6-32312 Taptite Ph (Covers)	16
M21447J3	Main Chassis	1
MISCELLANEOUS	5	
CPN	ITEM	QTY
A10110-70812	8-32 x .750 Taptite Pnhd Screw	2
A10094-3	Washer, #6 Black Star	3
A10109-10822	Screw, 8-18-1.375 Pan Ph	2
A10192-1	Snap Bushing .5	4
C 6912-7	Tension Retainer Board Support	2
C 6913-5	Spacer Nut, 1 inch	2
C 6914-3	Spacer Nut, .75 inch	2
C 8812-7	5.5" Cable Tie	27
C 1813-2	7.5" Cable Tie & Clamp	2
C 5894-8	15" Cable Tie	1
D 7622-0	16.5" 16 Pin Ribbon Cable	1
C 7351-7	10-12 Ga Splice Connector	2
C 9491-9	Screw, 6-32 x .312 Pan Head	11
D 7784-8	Label, Sensitivity Switch	1
D 8251-7	Label, F1 Fuse Replacement	1
D 8069-4	Insulator, Fuse Board	1

# Module Information

#### **MODULE HISTORY**

The Micro Tech 2400 amplifier was introduced in January of 1995. Since then there have been several updates and revisions, some of which called for new modules. The following is a list of all modules used up to this date, July 1995.

# **OUTPUT MODULES:** (left and right are identical) Q43354-2

Original Output Module, still in production. Uses P10429-2 board.

#### MAIN MODULES:

Q43328-6 Original Main Module on D 8679-9 board. Used until 6-14-95. Q43399-7 Main Module on D 8827-4 board.

#### FUSE MODULE:

M46330-3 Fuse board on P10425-0 board.

#### DISPLAY MODULE:

Q43327-8 Display module on D 8030-5 board.

# M46330-3 Fuse Module & Q43327-8 Display Module Parts List

#### M46330-3 FUSE MODULE

2	C 5060-6	PC Mount Fuse Clip
11	C 7817-7	Tab, AMP .25 Faston PC Mount
1	P10425-0	MT-2400 Fuse Board

For replacement fuse see Power Supply Parts List on page 16.

#### Q43327-8 DISPLAY MODULE

#### **CAPACITORS**

C503	C603	C 6806-1	.01µF
C507	C607	C 6809-5	220pF
C701		C 6802-0	.47µF
C702		C 6802-0	.47µF

#### DIODES

D701	C 3533-4	1N966B
D702	C 3533-4	1N966B

#### LED'S

E502	E602	C 4342-9	Amber, MV5153
E701		C 4342-9	Amber, MV5153

#### CONNECTOR

J3 C 4508-5	Socket, IC DIP 16 Pin
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#### TRANSISTORS

Q504 Q604 C 3625-8 2N4125

#### RESISTORS

R508	R608	A10266-1351	1.3M
R509	R609	A10266-7551	7.5M
R510	R610	A10266-4751	4.7M
R511	R611	A10266-4741	470K
R512	R612	A10266-2221	2.2K
R513	R613	A10266-1522	1.5K .5W
R514	R614	A10266-1001	10 Ohm
	R615	A10266-1522	1.5K .5W
R702		A10266-5111	510 Ohm
R707		A10266-5111	510 Ohm

#### **INTEGRATED CIRCUITS**

#### BOARD

1 D 8030-5	MT Display Board
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# Q43354-2 Output Module Parts List (P10429-2 Board)

	It Module for MT-2	2400. For Schematic See	RESISTORS		
J0658-5			R00	A10266-7501	75
04040/T000			R01	A10266-1011	100
CAPACITORS			R02	C 7778-1	5.6 flame proof
C01	C 8511-5	.047µF	R03	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C02	C 8426-6	.1µF	R04	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C03	C 8426-6	.1µF	R05	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C04	C 6806-1	.01µF	R06	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C05	C 6806-1	.01µF	R07	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C06	C 6806-1	.01µF	R08	C 6486-2	.2 5W
C07	C 6807-9	.001µF	R09	C 7779-9	22 flame proof
C08	C 6810-3	180pF	R10	A10266-1011	100
C09	C 6809-5	220pF	R11	C 7317-8	2.7 5W
C43	C 7697-3	.01µF 500V	R12	A10266-2R74	2.7 2W
			R13	A10266-7501	75
DIODES			R14	A10266-2R74	2.7 2W
D01	C 2851-1	1N4004	R15	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D02	C 2851-1	1N4004	R16	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D03	C 2851-1	1N4004	R17	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D04	C 2851-1	1N4004	R18	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D05	C 2941-0	1N5402	R19	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D06	C 2941-0	1N5402	R20	C 6486-2	.2 5W
D07	C 2941-0	1N5402	R21	C 7778-1	5.6 flame proof
D08	C 2941-0	1N5402	R22	C 7779-9	22 flame proof
D09	C 2851-1	1N4004	R23	C 6844-2	250 Pot LS Bias
D10	C 2851-1	1N4004	R24	A10266-1331	13K
D11	C 2851-1	1N4004	R25	A10266-2221	2.2K
D12	C 2851-1	1N4004	R26	C 6844-2	250 Pot HS Bias
D13	C 2851-1	1N4004	R27	A10266-3911	390
D14	C 2851-1	1N4004	R28	A10266-1331	13K
			R29	A10266-5101	51
INDUCTORS			R30	A10265-10201	102
LOO	C 6592-6	Output Coil	R41	A10266-2201	22
L00	C 3510-2	470µH	R42	A10266-2201	22
L01	C 3510-2	470µH	R43	A10266-2201	22
LUZ	0 3310-2	470μΠ			
TRANSISTOR	)C		MISC.		
			Board	P10429-2	
Q17	C 8508-1	NPN 2SC3298B	Jumpers	C 5868-2	0 Ohm Jumper (11)
Q19	C 8509-9	PNP 2SA1306B	Clips	D 6414-3	Q17/19 Hold Down
Noto: 010 S1	00/200 Driver a	nd Output Transistors	P500 P600	C 9828-2	12 Pin Header
		•			
are not included with the module. See the Output Assembly Parts List on pages 16 & 17.					
ASSEMDLY Pall	s List on payes				

# Q43328-6 Main Module Parts List (D8679-9 Board)

<i>Q43328-6 MT-2400 ORIGINAL MAIN MODULE Use Schematic J 0658-5</i>				C151 C152	C251 C252	C 6806-1 C 6950-7	.01µF 82pF 5%
				C153	C253	C 8897-8	.1µF
CAPAC	CITORS			C154	C254	A10434-104JD	.1µF 250V
C1		C 3913-8	470µF	C155	C255	C 8897-8	.1µF
C2		C 3913-8	470µF	C156	C256	C 8897-8	.1µF
C4		C 6802-0	.47µF	C158	C258	C 6805-3	.022uF
C5		C 6806-1	.01µF	C159	C259	C 6805-3	.022uF
C6		C 6806-1	.01µF	C160	C260	C 8897-8	.1uF
C7		C 8897-8	.1µF	C161	C261	C 8897-8	.1uF
C8		C 5362-6	2.2uF				
C100	C200	C 5311-3	22µF	DIODI	ES		
C101	C201	C 9464-6	10pF	D1		C 2851-1	1N4004
C102	C202	C 8576-8	100uF	D2		C 2851-1	1N4004
C103	C203	C 6805-3	.022µF	D3		C 2851-1	1N4004
C104	C204	C 6805-3	.022µF	D4		C 2851-1	1N4004
C105	C205	C 6812-9	47pF	D5		C 2851-1	1N4004
C106	C206	C 6812-9	47pF	D6		C 2851-1	1N4004
C107	C207	C 8897-8	.1µF	D7		C 2851-1	1N4004
C108	C208	C 6814-5	12pF	D100	D200	C 3181-2	1N4148
C109	C209	C 8576-8	100µF	D101	D201	C 3181-2	1N4148
C110	C210	C 5362-6	2.2µF	D102	D202	C 3824-7	1N970B
C112	C212	C 9991-8	1µF	D103	D203	C 3181-2	1N4148
C113	C213	C 9992-6	47µF	D104	D204	C 3181-2	1N4148
C114	C214	C 8854-9	100µF	D108	D208	C 3181-2	1N4148
C115	C215	C 8854-9	100µF	D109	D209	C 3181-2	1N4148
C116	C216	C 9992-6	47µF	D110	D210	C 3181-2	1N4148
C117	C217	C 9991-8	1µF	D111	D211	C 5061-4	1N3070
C118	C218	C 6814-5	12pF	D112	D212	C 3181-2	1N4148
C119	C219	C 6802-0	.47µF	D113	D213	C 3181-2	1N4148
C122	C222	C 6811-1	100pF	D120	D220	C 3181-2	1N4148
C123	C223	C 6812-9	47pF	D121	D221	C 3181-2	1N4148
C124	C224	C 6812-9	47pF	D122	D222	C 3181-2	1N4148
C129	C229 C230	C 6814-5	12pF	D123	D223	C 5061-4	1N3070
C130	C230 C232	C 6813-7 C 6806-1	27pF	D124 D125	D224 D225	C 3181-2 C 3181-2	1N4148 1N4148
C132 C133	C232 C233	C 6806-1 C 6813-7	.01µF 27pF	D125	D225 D226	C 5061-4	1N4148 1N3070
C133 C134	C233 C234	C 6805-3	27pF .022µF	D126	D226 D227	C 5061-4 C 5061-4	1N3070
C134 C135	C234 C235	C 6805-3	.022µF .022µF	D127	D227 D228	C 5061-4 C 5061-4	1N3070
C135	C235 C236	C 6808-7	470pF	D128	D228 D229	C 3181-2	1N4148
C130 C137	C230 C237	C 6808-7	470pF	D129	D229 D230	C 3181-2	1N4148 1N4148
C137	C237	C 6813-7	27pF	D130	D230 D231	C 3181-2	1N4148
C130	C230	C 6813-7	27pF	D131	D231 D232	C 3181-2	1N4148
C140	C240	C 6812-9	47pF	D132	D232	C 3181-2	1N4148
C140	C240 C241	C 6812-9	47pF	D133	D233	C 3181-2	1N4148
C144	C244	C 8576-8	100µF		2201	0 0 . U I L	
C145	C245	C 6812-9	47pF	LED's			
C146	C246	C 6812-9	47pF	E100	E200	C 9857-1	RED
C147	C247	C 6806-1	.01µF	E100	E200 E201	C 9857-1	RED
C148	C248	C 6810-3	180pF			0 7007-1	NLU
C149	C249	C 6808-7	470pF				
C150	C250	C 6806-1	.01µF				

# Q43328-6 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8679-9 Board)

RESIS	STOR NET	TWORKS		R101	R201	A10265-49911	4.99K 1%
N101	N201	D 7944-8	Res. Net.	R102	R202	A10266-5111	510
N102	N202	D 6082-8	Res. Net.	R103	R203	A10265-10031	100K 1%
				R104	R204	A10266-2721	2.7K
TRAN	SISTORS	•		R105	R205	A10266-2721	2.7K
Q100	Q200	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R106	R206	A10266-1231	12K
Q100	Q200	C 3578-9	MPSA93	R107	R207	A10266-6831	68K
Q101	Q201	C 3810-6	MPSA43	R108	R208	A10265-80601	806
Q102	Q202	C 3786-8	PN4250	R109	R209	A10266-5601	56
Q105	Q205	C 3578-9	MPSA93	R110	R210	A10266-6831	68K
Q105	Q205 Q206	C 3625-8	2N4125	R111	R211	A10266-1231	12K
Q100	Q200	C 3786-8	PN4250	R112	R212	A10266-5131	51K
Q108	Q208	C 5891-4	MTS105	R113	R213	A10266-4721	4.7K
Q109	Q209	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R114	R214	A10266-4721	4.7K
Q110	Q210	C 3810-6	MPSA43	R115	R215	A10266-3341	330K
Q112	Q210	C 3625-8	2N4125	R116	R216	A10266-2751	2.7M
Q112	Q212	C 3625-8	2N4125	R117	R217	A10265-46421	46.4K 1%
Q115	Q215	D 2962-5	MPS8097	R118	R218	A10265-28701	287 1%
Q116	Q216	C 3786-8	PN4250	R119	R219	A10265-68101	681 1%
Q117	Q210 Q217	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R120	R220	A10265-28701	287 1%
Q118	Q218	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R121	R221	C 5062-2	100K Pot
Q119	Q210	C 3625-8	2N4125	R122	R222	A10266-2741	270K
Q120	Q220	C 3625-8	2N4125	R123	R223	A10266-2732	27K .5W
Q123	Q223	C 7458-0	2N4123	R124	R224	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q124	Q224	C 3625-8	2N4125	R125	R225	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
Q125	Q225	C 3786-8	PN4250	R126	R226	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
Q126	Q226	C 5891-4	MTS105	R127	R227	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q127	Q227	C 3625-8	2N4125	R128	R228	A10266-1331	13K
Q128	Q228	C 7458-0	2N4123	R129	R229	A10265-10031	100K 1%
Q129	Q229	C 3625-8	2N4125	R130	R230	A10265-10031	100K 1%
Q130	Q230	C 7458-0	2N4123	R131	R231	A10266-1331	13K
Q131	Q231	C 3625-8	2N4125	R132	R232	C 5062-2	100K Pot
Q132	Q232	C 3625-8	2N4125	R133	R233	A10266-2741	270K
Q133	Q233	C 3625-8	2N4125	R134	R234	A10266-2732	27K .5W
Q134	Q234	C 3625-8	2N4125	R135	R235	A10266-1012	100 .5W
Q135	Q235	C 7458-0	2N4123	R136	R236	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q136	Q236	C 7458-0	2N4123	R137	R237	A10266-1012	100 .5W
Q137	Q237	C 3625-8	2N4125	R138	R238	A10266-6821	6.8K 806 1%
				R139 R140	R239	A10265-80601	56
RESIS	STORS			R140 R141	R240 R241	A10266-5601 A10266-1541	56 150K
R1		A10265-53621	53.6K 1%	R141 R142	R241 R242	A10266-1541 A10266-1541	150K
R2		C 7340-0	24 5W	R142	R242 R243	A10266-4711	470
R3		C 7340-0	24 5W	R143	R243 R244	A10266-4711	470
R4		A10265-46421	46.4K 1%	R144	R244 R245	A10266-4711	470
R5		OPEN		R145	R245 R246	A10266-1231	12K
R7		A10266-4331	43K	R140	R240 R247	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
R8		A10265-75021	75K 1%	R147	R247 R248	A10266-2721	2.7K
R10		OPEN		R140	R240 R249	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
R17		A10265-75021	75K 1%	R147	R250	A10266-2721	2.7K
R18		A10266-4331	43K	R150	R250	A10266-1231	12K
R100	R200	C 7409-3	5K Lin. Vol.	R152	R252	A10265-11521	11.5K 1%

# Q43328-6 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8679-9 Board)

R153	R253	A10124-24	JUMPER	R921	R1021	C 9079-2	200 Pot
R154	R254	A10266-5601	56	R922	R1022	A10265-68101	681 1%
R155	R255	A10266-1321	1.3K	R923	R1023	A10265-35711	3.57K 1%
R156	R256	A10266-1321	1.3K	R924	R1024	A10265-60401	604 1%
R157	R257	A10266-1321	1.3K	R925	R1025	A10265-10031	100K 1%
R158	R258	A10265-11321	11.3K	R926	R1026	A10265-60401	604 1%
R159	R259	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R927	R1027	A10265-10031	100K 1%
R160	R260	A10266-5601	56	R928	R1028	A10265-35711	3.57K 1%
R161	R261	A10266-4701	47	R929	R1029	A10266-1241	120K
R162	R262	A10266-4701	47	R930	R1030	A10266-1241	120K
R163	R263	A10266-5601	56	R931	R1031	A10266-3921	3.9K
R164	R264	A10266-4711	470	R932	R1032	A10265-10021	10K 1%
R165	R265	A10266-4711	470	R933	R1033	A10266-4731	47K
R166	R266	A10266-4711	470	R934	R1034	A10265-10021	10K 1%
R167	R267	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R935	R1035	A10266-4731	47K
R168	R268	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R936	R1036	A10265-10021	10K 1%
R170	R270	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R937	R1037	A10265-10021	10K 1%
R170	R271	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R938	R1038	A10265-10021	10K 1%
R173	R273	A10266-5601	56	R939	R1039	A10266-4731	47K
R174	R274	A10265-24921	24.9K 1%	R940	R1040	A10266-4731	47K
R175	R275	A10265-78711	7.87K 1%	R941	R1040	A10266-4731	47K
R176	R276	A10265-24921	24.9K 1%	R942	R1041	A10266-4731	47K
R170	R270	A10265-19121	19.1K 1%	11742	111042	A10200-4731	471
R179	R279	A10266-1321	1.3K	SWIT	CUEC		
R180	R280	A10266-4711	470		νπεσ	0 7005 4	
R181	R281	A10266-4721	4.7K	S2		C 7325-1	Ground Lift
R182	R282	A10266-2201	22	S3		C 7960-5	Sensitivity
R184	R284	A10266-4741	470K	S4		C 6781-6	Stereo/Mon
R186	R284 R286	A10266-2751	2.7M				
R180	R280 R287	A10266-3321	3.3K		POINTS		
R187	R287 R288	A10266-3321 A10266-3321	3.3K 3.3K	TP1	TP2	C 6564-6	HDR
R189	R289	A10266-2731	27K				
R169 R190	R269 R290		27K 2M	INTEG	GRATED C	SIRCUITS	
		A10266-2051	10K 1%	U1		C 5095-2	UA7815
R193	R293	A10265-10021		U2		C 5096-0	UA7915
R194 R195	R294	A10265-10031	100K 1%	U100	U200	C 6911-9	UPA75
	R295	A10266-3021	3K	U101	U201	C 6411-0	H11C2
R196	R296	A10266-4721	4.7K	U102	U202	C 4345-2	LM339
R197	R297	A10265-10021	10K 1%	U103	U203	C 6910-1	UPA76
R198	R298	A10266-4721	4.7K	U104	U204	C 7558-7	MC33079P
R199	R299	A10265-10021	10K 1%				
R300	R400	A10265-10031	100K 1%	MISC.			
R301	R401	A10265-10031	100K 1%	Board		D 8679-9	
R911	R1011	A10266-1521	1.5K	Socket	ŀ	C 3450-1	14 Pin (4)
R912	R1012	A10266-4711	470	U1X, L		C 9494-3	Heatsinks
R913	R1013	A10265-10031	100K 1%				
R914	R1014	A10266-5141	510K	HW1-4		C 8812-7	5.5" Cbl Tie
R915	R1015	A10266-2201	22	HW5-9	,	C 9944-7	Nyl. Spacer
R916	R1016	A10266-2201	22	J1		C 7593-4	5 Pin HDR
R917	R1017	A10266-10021	10K	J2		C 4508-5	16 Pin
R918	R1018	A10266-10021	10K	J11	1200	C 7526-4	3 Pin HDR
R919	R1019	A10266-10021	10K	J100	J200	C 6777-4	Ph Jack, (2)
R920	R1020	A10266-10021	10K	Cover		C 6778-2	Ph Jk CVR
				I			

# Q43328-6 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8679-9 Board)

J500 J800 J600 J700	D 8681-5 D 8680-7	10 In. RBN 6 In. RBN		
HW5-8 Z1-Z5	C 8812-7 OPEN	5.5" Cbl Tie		

# Q43399-7 Main Module Parts List (D8827-4 Board)

		400 MAIN MODULE		C152 C25		82pF 5%
Use Sc	hematic J	0691-6		C153 C25		.1µF
<b>.</b> -	• · <b>-</b>			C154 C25		.1µF 250V
	CITORS			C155 C25		.1µF
C1		C 3913-8	470µF	C156 C25		.1µF
C2		C 3913-8	470µF	C158 C25		.022uF
C4		C 6802-0	.47µF	C159 C25		.022uF
C5		C 6806-1	.01µF	C160 C26		.1uF
C6		C 6806-1	.01µF	C161 C26		.1uF
C7		C 8897-8	.1µF	C113X C21		
C8	_	C 5362-6	2.2uF	C116X C21	6X OPEN	
C100	C200	C 5311-3	22µF	DIODEC		
C101	C201	C 9464-6	10pF	DIODES	0.005	
C102	C202	C 8576-8	100uF	D1	C 2851-1	1N4004
C103	C203	C 6805-3	.022µF	D2	C 2851-1	1N4004
C104	C204	C 6805-3	.022µF	D3	C 2851-1	1N4004
C105	C205	C 6812-9	47pF	D4	C 2851-1	1N4004
C106	C206	C 6812-9	47pF	D5	C 2851-1	1N4004
C107	C207	C 8897-8	.1µF	D6	C 2851-1	1N4004
C108	C208	C 6814-5	12pF	D7	C 2851-1	1N4004
C109	C209	C 8576-8	100µF	D100 D20		1N4148
C110	C210	C 5362-6	2.2µF	D101 D20		1N4148
C112	C212	C 8991-9	.47µF	D102 D20		1N970B
C113	C213	C 8996-9	15µF	D103 D20		1N4148
C114	C214	C 8854-9	100µF	D104 D20		1N4148
C115	C215	C 8854-9	100µF	D105 D20		1N4004
C116	C216	C 8986-9	15µF	D106 D20		1N4004
C117	C217	C 8991-9	.47µF	D108 D20		1N4148
C118	C218	C 6814-5	12pF	D109 D20		1N4148
C119	C219	C 6802-0	.47µF	D110 D21		1N4148
C122	C222	C 6811-1	100pF	D111 D21		1N3070
C123	C223	C 6812-9	47pF	D112 D21		1N4148
C124	C224	C 6812-9	47pF	D113 D21		1N4148
C129	C229	C 6814-5	12pF	D120 D22		1N4148
C130	C230	C 6813-7	27pF	D121 D22		1N4148
C133	C233	C 6813-7	27pF	D122 D22		1N4148
C134	C234	C 6805-3	.022µF	D123 D22		1N3070
C135	C235	C 6805-3	.022µF	D124 D22		1N4148
C136	C236	C 6808-7	470pF	D125 D22		1N4148
C137	C237	C 6808-7	470pF	D126 D22		1N3070
C138	C238	C 6813-7	27pF	D127 D22		1N3070
C139	C239	C 6813-7	27pF	D128 D22		1N3070
C140	C240 C241	C 6812-9	47pF	D129 D22		1N4148 1N4148
C141	C241 C244	C 6812-9	47pF 100uF	D130 D23		
C144	C244 C245	C 8576-8	100μF 47pE	D131 D23 D132 D23		1N4148 1N4148
C145		C 6812-9	47pF			
C146	C246	C 6812-9	47pF	D133 D23		1N4148
C147	C247	C 6806-1	.01µF	D134 D23	4 C 3181-2	1N4148
C148 C149	C248 C249	C 6810-3 C 6808-7	180pF 470pF			
C149 C150	C249 C250	C 6808-7 C 6806-1	470pF	LED's	0 0057 1	
C150 C151	C250 C251	C 6806-1 C 6806-1	.01μF .01μF	E100 E200		RED
0101	0201	0000-1	.01µ1	E101 E20	1 C 9857-1	RED

# Q43399-7 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8827-4 Board)

RESIS	STOR NET	TWORKS		R12		OPEN	
N101	N201	D 7944-8	Res. Net.	R17		A10265-75021	75K 1%
N102	N202	D 6082-8	Res. Net.	R18		A10266-4331	43K
		2 0002 0		R100	R200	C 7409-3	5K Lin. Pot.
ΤΡΔΝ	SISTORS			R101	R201	A10265-49911	4.99K 1%
Q100	Q200	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R102	R202	A10266-5111	510
Q100	Q200 Q201	C 3578-9	MPSA93	R103	R203	A10265-10031	100K 1%
Q101	Q201	C 3810-6	MPSA43	R104	R204	A10266-2721	2.7K
Q102	Q202 Q203	C 3786-8	PN4250	R105	R205	A10266-2721	2.7K
Q103	Q203 Q205	C 3578-9	MPSA93	R106	R206	A10266-1231	12K
Q105	Q205 Q206	C 3625-8	2N4125	R107	R207	A10266-6831	68K
Q100	Q200 Q207	C 3786-8	PN4250	R108	R208	A10265-80601	806
Q107	Q207	C 5891-4	MTS105	R109	R209	A10266-5601	56
Q108	Q208 Q209	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R110	R210	A10266-6831	68K
Q109 Q110	Q209 Q210	C 3810-6	MPSA43	R111	R211	A10266-1231	12K
Q112	Q210 Q212		2N4125	R112	R212	A10266-5131	51K
		C 3625-8		R113	R213	A10266-4721	4.7K
Q113	Q213 Q215	C 3625-8	2N4125	R114	R214	A10266-4721	4.7K
Q115		D 2962-5	MPS8097	R115	R215	A10266-3341	330K
Q116	Q216	C 3786-8 D 2961-7	PN4250	R116	R216	A10266-2751	2.7M
Q117	Q217		2N3859A	R117	R217	A10265-46421	46.4K 1%
Q118	Q218	D 2961-7	2N3859A	R118	R218	A10265-28701	287 1%
Q119	Q219	C 3625-8	2N4125	R119	R219	A10265-68101	681 1%
Q120	Q220	C 3625-8	2N4125	R120	R220	A10265-28701	287 1%
Q123	Q223	C 7458-0	2N4123	R121	R221	C 5062-2	100K Pot
Q124	Q224	C 3625-8	2N4125	R122	R222	A10266-2741	270K
Q125	Q225	C 3786-8	PN4250	R123	R223	A10266-2732	27K .5W
Q126	Q226	C 5891-4	MTS105	R124	R224	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q127	Q227	C 3625-8	2N4125	R125	R225	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
Q128	Q228	C 7458-0	2N4123	R126	R226	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
Q129	Q229	C 3625-8	2N4125	R127	R227	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q130	Q230	C 7458-0	2N4123	R128	R228	A10266-1331	13K
Q131	Q231	C 3625-8	2N4125	R129	R229	A10265-10031	100K 1%
Q132	Q232	C 3625-8	2N4125	R130	R230	A10265-10031	100K 1%
Q133	Q233	C 3625-8	2N4125	R131	R231	A10266-1331	13K
Q134	Q234	C 3625-8	2N4125	R132	R232	C 5062-2	100K Pot
Q135	Q235	C 7458-0	2N4123	R133	R233	A10266-2741	270K
Q136	Q236	C 7458-0	2N4123	R134	R234	A10266-2732	27K .5W
Q137 Q138	Q237 Q238	C 3625-8 C 3810-6	2N4125 MPSA42	R135	R235	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
	Q238 Q239	C 3578-9	MPSA42 MPSA93	R136	R236	A10266-6821	6.8K
Q139	0239	C 3070-9	IVIP SA93	R137	R237	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
пгси	сторс			R138	R238	A10266-6821	6.8K
	STORS			R139	R239	A10265-80601	806 1%
R1		A10265-53621	53.6K 1%	R140	R240	A10266-5601	56
R2		C 7340-0	24 5W	R141	R241	A10266-1541	150K
R3		C 7340-0	24 5W	R142	R242	A10266-1541	150K
R4		A10265-46421	46.4K 1%	R143	R243	A10266-4711	470
R5		OPEN	4014	R144	R244	A10266-4711	470
R7		A10266-4331	43K	R145	R245	A10266-4711	470
R8		A10265-75021	75K 1%	R146	R246	A10266-1231	12K
R10		OPEN		R147	R247	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP
R11		OPEN		R148	R248	A10266-2721	2.7K

# Q43399-7 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8827-4 Board)

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R149	R249	C 8836-6	100 .5W FP	R915	R1015	A10266-2201	22
R150	R250	A10266-2721	2.7K	R916	R1016	A10266-2201	22
R151	R251	A10266-1231	12K	R917	R1017	A10266-10021	10K
R152	R252	A10265-11521	11.5K 1%	R918	R1018	A10266-10021	10K
R153	R253	A10124-24	JUMPER	R919	R1019	A10266-10021	10K
R154	R254	A10266-5601	56	R920	R1020	A10266-10021	10K
R155	R255	A10266-1321	1.3K	R921	R1020	C 9079-2	200 Pot
R156	R256	A10266-1321	1.3K	R922	R1021	A10265-68101	681 1%
R150	R250	A10266-1321	1.3K	R923	R1022	A10265-35711	3.57K 1%
R158	R258	A10265-11321	11.3K	R924	R1023 R1024	A10265-60401	604 1%
R150	R250 R259	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R924	R1024	A10266-1041	100K
	R259 R260	A10266-5601	56	R925 R926	R1025 R1026	A10265-60401	604 1%
R160							
R161	R261	A10266-4701	47	R927	R1027	A10266-1041	100K
R162	R262	A10266-4701	47 57 50	R928	R1028	A10265-35711	3.57K 1%
R163	R263	C10166-4	56 FP	R929	R1029	A10266-1241	120K
R164	R264	A10266-4711	470	R930	R1030	A10266-1241	120K
R165	R265	A10266-4711	470	R931	R1031	A10266-3921	3.9K
R166	R266	A10266-4711	470	R932	R1032	A10266-1031	10K
R167	R267	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R933	R1033	A10266-4731	47K
R168	R268	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R934	R1034	A10266-1031	10K
R169	R269	OPEN		R935	R1035	A10266-4731	47K
R170	R270	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R936	R1036	A10266-1031	10K
R171	R271	A10265-10011	1K 1%	R937	R1037	A10266-1031	10K
R172	R272	OPEN		R938	R1038	A10266-1031	10K
R173	R273	C10166-4	56	R939	R1039	A10266-4731	47K
R174	R274	A10265-24921	24.9K 1%	R940	R1040	A10266-4731	47K
R175	R275	A10265-78711	7.87K 1%	R941	R1041	A10266-4731	47K
R176	R276	A10265-24921	24.9K 1%	R942	R1042	A10266-4731	47K
R177	R277	A10265-19121	19.1K 1%	R943	R1043	A10266-1031	10K
R179	R279	A10266-1321	1.3K	R944	R1044	A10266-1031	10K
R180	R280	A10266-4711	470	R945	R1045	A10266-4701	47
R181	R281	A10266-4721	4.7K	R946	R1046	A10266-2031	20K
R182	R282	A10266-2201	22	R947	R1074	A10266-2031	20K
R184	R284	A10266-4741	470K		111071	110200 2001	2011
R186	R286	A10266-2751	2.7M	SWIT	CUEC		
R187	R287	A10266-3321	3.3K		UNLS	0 7005 1	Cond Life
R188	R288	A10266-3321	3.3K	S2		C 7325-1	Gnd Lift
R189	R289	A10266-2731	27K	S3		C 7960-5	Sensitivity
R190	R290	A10266-2051	2/K 2M	S4		C 6781-6	Stereo/Mon
R190	R290 R293		10K				
R193 R194	R293 R294	A10266-1031	100K 1%	TEST	POINTS		
		A10265-10031		TP1	TP2	C 6564-6	HDR
R195	R295	A10266-3021	3K				
R196	R296	A10266-4721	4.7K	INTEG	RATED (	CIRCUITS	
R197	R297	A10265-10021	10K 1%	U1		C 5095-2	UA7815
R198	R298	A10266-4721	4.7K	U2		C 5096-0	UA7915
R199	R299	A10265-10021	10K 1%	U100	U200	C 6911-9	UPA75
R300	R400	A10265-10031	100K 1%	U100	U200 U201	C 6411-0	H11C2
R301	R401	A10265-10031	100K 1%	U102	U201 U202	C 4345-2	LM339
R911	R1011	A10266-1521	1.5K	U102	U202 U203	C 4345-2 C 6910-1	UPA76
R912	R1012	A10266-4711	470				
R913	R1013	A10266-1041	100K	U104	U204	C 7558-7	MC33079P
R914	R1014	A10266-5141	510K		U200A	OPEN	

# Q43399-7 Main Module Parts List Cont. (D8827-4 Board)

U103A	U103A U203A	

MISC.		
Board	D 8827-4	
Socket	C 3450-1	14 Pin
HW9-10	C 9494-3	Heatsinks
HW11-15	C 9944-7	Nyl. Spacer
J1	C 7593-4	5 Pin HDR
J2	C 4508-5	16 Pin
J11	C 7526-4	3 Pin HDR
J12	Not Used	
J100 J200	C 6777-4	Ph. Jack
Cover	C 6778-2	Ph Jk CVR
J101 J201	Not Used	
J500 J800	D 8681-5	10 In. RBN
J600 J700	D 8680-7	6 In. RBN
HW5-8	C 8812-7	5.5" Tie, (4)
Z1-Z5	OPEN	